Message Waiting Indicator Activation (Audible) - Expanded (1100)

When an end user subscribes to Voice Message/Reminder service the end user should have the ability to forward calls to the Enhanced Service Provider's voice messaging service, leave a detailed message for those who may be calling, and have a recorded voice message left in response. When messages are left for the end user, a message waiting indicator should be provided indicating a message is waiting. The ability to remotely activate message waiting indicator to end user's lines not located in the same central office, but in the same Local Access Transport Area (LATA) as the ESP (Voice Message Provider), is made possible through the Common Channel Signaling System 7 (SS7) network.

Generic Name of ONA Service	Product Name	BSE or CNS
Message Waiting Indicator Activation (Audible) - Expanded	AM - Remote Activation of Message Waiting - Expanded	BSE
	BA - Premier Messaging Services Interface	BSE
	USW - Message Delivery Service Interoffice	BSE

FEATURE OPERATION:

The subscriber to the ESP's service has calls forwarded to the ESP's 7 or 10 digit telephone number. The end user can use Call Forwarding Busy Line, Call Forwarding Don't Answer, Call Forwarding Variable, or direct call to reach the ESP's voice message service. The ESP can activate a message waiting indicator for end users not served by the same central office switch as the ESP as long as the called subscriber (end user) and the ESP's central office are connected via the SS7 network and are equipped with the appropriate software packages.

Messages from the Voice Message Provider:

Two message types may be sent by the voice message provider to the serving central office via a Dedicated Network Access Link (See: Message Desk (SMDI) - Expanded). The first message activates the Message Waiting Indicator (MWI) feature on a specified directory number, the second message deactivates the indicator. The ESP's serving central office does not acknowledge receipt of these messages unless it encounters a problem when attempting to execute the request.

There are two types of failure messages, invalid and blocked. The invalid message results from an attempt to activate or deactivate MWI on a directory number not assigned the MWI option. The failure message can also be generated when a directory number is transmitted with incomplete or inaccurate information. The blocked message indicates that the central office was momentarily unable to execute the message request.

The ESP's serving central office does not expect an acknowledgment signal indicating the activation/deactivation of MWI for the ESP.

TECHNOLOGICAL AND FEATURE INTERACTION CONSIDERATIONS:

1. This feature is available in the following central office switches:

Switch Type	1A ESS	5ESS	DMS-100
Earliest Generic Release	1AE11.03*	5E7*	BCS30*

^{*} ESP and end user's serving central offices must be interconnected with SS7.

- 2. The ESP's customer premises equipment (CPE) used to receive and interpret the SMDI data must use the same signaling and data communications protocol as the telephone office Input/Output channel. This channel uses a standard Electronic Industries Association (EIA) RS232 asynchronous 1200 or 9600 baud ASCII interface.
- 3. Interconnection to the CPE is via standard outside plant cable, tip and ring connections.
- 4. Interface Description Interface Between Customer Premises Equipment, Simplified Message Desk and Switching System: 1A ESS, Issue 1, July 1985.

5. References:

- Ameritech Message Signal Interface (AMSI) and Ameritech Message Signal Interface Expansion AM-TR-OAT-000065, Issue 1, July 1990.
- Technical Reference for Call Forwarding Busy Line and Call Forwarding Don't Answer can be found in TR-TSY-000586, Call Forwarding Subfeatures, FSD 01-02-1450, Issue 1, July 1989.

This service, if offered as a BSE, is associated with the Dedicated Network Access Link serving arrangement.

Message Waiting Indicator - Activation (Visual) (1076)

This capability allows an ESP to indicate to its client that a message is waiting for retrieval. With this capability, the ESP can activate a visual alerting signal (usually a lamp) on the ESP's client's line.

Generic Name of ONA Service	Product Name	BSE or CNS
Message Waiting Indicator - Activation (Visual)	AM - Remote Activation of Message Waiting	BSE
	BA - Messaging Services Interface	BSE
	BS - SMDI	BSE
	PB - Electronic Business Set Message Waiting	BSE
	USW - Message Delivery Service	BSE

FEATURE OPERATION:

MWI - Activation (Visual) is a central office software and hardware capability that allows an ESP with CPE, to activate a visual lamp or LCD on their subscriber's line when messages are being held (see MWI - Ability to Receive Visual Message Waiting). The subscriber's line, also with special CPE and central office software/hardware, would flash at 60 IPM when activated. After a subscriber picked up their messages, the ESP would have the ability to deactivate the client's visual message waiting indicator.

Message Waiting Indication, visual or otherwise, is controlled by a software package in the central office switch, usually Simplified Message Desk Interface (SMDI) or Message Desk Service. The software package will activate or deactivate a client's message waiting indication based on signals passed over an interface from the Message Desk Provider to the central office interface.

TECHNOLOGICAL AND FEATURE INTERACTION CONSIDERATIONS:

1. This feature is available in the following central office switches:

Switch Type	1A ESS	5ESS	DMS-100
Earliest Generic Release	1AE8	5E4.2*	BCS29
		*ISDN	·

- 2. The lamp is off when the ESP's client is off-hook or there are no messages queued and the client is on-hook.
- 3. This feature can only be offered on an intraoffice basis.
- References: U S WEST reference publication 77335 "U S WEST Message Waiting Indication Visual," September 1990.

This service, if offered as a BSE, is associated with the Dedicated Network Access Link basic serving arrangement.

Message Waiting Indicator Activation (Visual) - Expanded (1101)

When an end user subscribes to Voice Message/Reminder service the end user should have the ability to forward calls to the Enhanced Service Provider's voice messaging service, leave a detailed message for those who may be calling, and have a recorded voice message left in response. When messages are left for the end user, a message waiting indicator should be provided indicating a message is waiting. The ability to remotely activate message waiting indicator to end user's lines not located in the same central office, but in the same Local Access Transport Area (LATA) as the ESP (Voice Message Provider), is made possible through the Common Channel Signaling System 7 (SS7) network.

Generic Name of ONA Service	Product Name	BSE or CNS
Message Waiting Indicator Activation (Visual) - Expanded	AM - Remote Activation of Message Waiting - Expanded	BSE
	BA - Premier Messaging Services Interface	BSE
	USW - Message Delivery Service - Interoffice	BSE

FEATURE OPERATION:

The subscriber to the ESP's service has calls forwarded to the ESP's 7 or 10 digit telephone number. The end user can use Call Forwarding Busy Line, Call Forwarding Don't Answer, Call Forwarding Variable, or direct call to reach the ESP's voice message service. The ESP can activate a message waiting indicator for end users not served by the same central office switch as the ESP as long as the called subscriber (end user) and the ESP's central office are connected via the SS7 network and are equipped with the appropriate software packages.

Messages from the Voice Message Provider:

Two message types may be sent by the voice message provider to the serving central office via a Dedicated Network Access Link (See: Message Desk (SMDI) - Expanded). The first message activates the Message Waiting Indicator (MWI) feature on a specified directory number, the second message deactivates the indicator. The ESP's serving central office does not acknowledge receipt of these messages unless it encounters a problem when attempting to execute the request.

There are two types of failure messages, invalid and blocked. The invalid message results from an attempt to activate or deactivate MWI on a directory number not assigned the MWI option. The failure message can also be generated when a directory number is transmitted with incomplete or inaccurate information. The blocked message indicates that the central office was momentarily unable to execute the message request.

The ESP's serving central office does not expect an acknowledgment signal indicating the activation/deactivation of MWI for the ESP.

TECHNOLOGICAL AND FEATURE INTERACTION CONSIDERATIONS:

1. This feature is available in the following central office switches:

Switch Type	1A ESS	5ESS	DMS-100
Earliest Generic Release	1AE11.03*	5E7*	BCS30*

^{*} ESP and end user's serving central offices must be interconnected with SS7.

- 2. The ESP's customer premises equipment (CPE) used to receive and interpret the SMDI data must use the same signaling and data communications protocol as the telephone office Input/Output channel. This channel uses a standard Electronic Industries Association (EIA) RS232 asynchronous 1200 or 9600 baud ASCII interface.
- 3. Interconnection to the CPE is via standard outside plant cable, tip and ring connections.
- 4. Interface Description Interface Between Customer Premises Equipment, Simplified Message Desk and Switching System: 1A ESS, Issue 1, July 1985.

5. References:

- Ameritech Message Signal Interface (AMSI) and Ameritech Message Signal Interface Expansion AM-TR-OAT-000065, Issue 1, July 1990.
- Technical Reference for Call Forwarding Busy Line and Call Forwarding Don't Answer can be found in TR-TSY-000586, Call Forwarding Subfeatures, FSD 01-02-1450, Issue 1, July 1989.

This service, if offered as a BSE, is associated with the Dedicated Network Access Link BSA.

Network Reconfiguration (1038)

This feature provides ESPs flexibility in managing and reconfiguring their dedicated facilities. This arrangement involves providing to a customer access to a control port on a digital cross-connect system (DCS). This service enables the re-connection (grooming) of one to 24 DS0 channels within a group of DS1s such that the destination of each DS0 can be changed. Reconfiguration at higher or lower transmission speeds may also be provided. A subscriber could control their dedicated channels in any combination between locations designated on their private network.

Generic Name of ONA Service	Product Name	BSE or CNS
Network Reconfiguration	AM - Ameritech Network Reconfiguration Service	BSE
	BA - INTELLIMUX SM	BSE
	BS - FlexServ	BSE or CNS
	NX - Network Reconfiguration Service	BSE
	PB - Customer Network Reconfiguration	BSE
	SWB - Network Reconfiguration	BSE
	USW - COMAND A LINK SM	BSE

FEATURE OPERATION:

Network Reconfiguration under ESP control is initialized by setting up a database for ESP access consisting of circuit identifications, customer locations, security passwords, etc. This database is then accessed by the ESP to make their own DS1 or DS0 routing rearrangements within a Digital Cross-connect System (DCS).

TECHNOLOGICAL AND FEATURE INTERACTION CONSIDERATIONS:

- This feature is available only in conjunction with Digital Cross-connect System (DCS) frames located in the telephone company Hub and/or Digital Serving Node locations. ESP/ESP's client facilities will have to route to the above-mentioned DCS frames.
- 2. Check with your local telephone company in order to determine availability of Extended Superframe Format (ESF) with Network Reconfiguration.
- 3. All bridging and subrating of services is to be provided outside of the DCS devices. The DCS devices are only used for cross-connecting DS0s.

4. References:

- TR-NWT-000170 Digital Cross-Connect System (DSC 1/0) Generic Criteria, Issue 2, January 1993.
- TR-NWT-000233 Wideband and Broadband Digital Cross-Connect Systems Generic Criteria, Issue 3, November 1993, (replaces TA-NWT-000233, Issue 4), component of FR-440.

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- Ameritech reference AM-TR-TMO-000064, Issue 2, August 1991, Ameritech Reconfiguration Interface Specifications.
- U S WEST publication 77371 COMAND A LINKSM Technical Descriptions and Interface Combinations, Issue B, November 1994.

This service, if offered as a BSE, is associated with the Dedicated Network Access Link or Dedicated High Capacity digital (1.544 Mbps) basic serving arrangements, as indicated in each individual ONA plan.

UPDATED 7/31/00

 $^{^{\}mbox{\footnotesize SM}}$ COMAND A LINK is a service mark of U S WEST.

APPENDIX 1

July 31, 2000

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Dedicated Digital (64 Kbps **)

** NOTE - this capability was moved to the main section of the ONA Services User Guide for the July 1993 update.

Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM) Service (4031)

Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM) Service is a connection-oriented data transport service based on ATM cell-based switching technology.

ATM Service provides flexible connectivity using virtual connections implemented over digital facilities operating at transmission speeds of 1.536 Mbps, 44.210 Mbps, 149.760 Mbps or 599.040 Mbps. This service provides for the switching of symmetrical duplex transmissions of fixed-length ATM cells, utilizing virtual connections. As ATM is a connection-oriented service, to transfer information a virtual connection must be set up across the ATM network. ATM Service supports permanent virtual connections.

Information transmitted by ATM Service is segmented into fixed length cells, transported to and re-assembled at the destination. The ATM cell has a fixed length of 53 bytes. An ATM cell is broken into two main sections, the header and the payload. The payload is the portion that carries the actual information. The header is used for network functions such as addressing and error correction.

Generic Name of ONA Service	Product Name	
Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM) Service	BS – Asynchronous Transfer Mode	BSA

References:

- ATM Forum documents, "ATM User-Network Interface Specification" (Versions 3.0 and 3.1)
- BellSouth Technical Reference 73585, "Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM) Network Interface and Performance Specifications."

ATM Cell Relay Service (8040)

ATM Cell Relay Service (ATM CRS) is a connection-oriented communications service that uses Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM) technology. The service provides customers with high-speed, low-delay information transfer capacity, which supports applications that require near-real-time mixed media (data, video, image, voice) communications among multiple locations. ATM CRS supports transmission speeds of either up to 45 Mbps or up to 155 Mbps.

ATM CRS requires the use of customer terminal equipment that functions as a multiplexer/router/hub or ATM switch. This terminal equipment must be purchased separately from the ATM CRS and must conform to industry standards. The terminal equipment accumulates customer traffic and puts it into a cell relay format suitable for transmission over the ATM CRS Network.

ATM CRS conforms to industry standards and is only provided over fiber optic facilities. Technical Specifications for ATM CRS are delineated in Technical Publication PUB 77378 (U S WEST).

Generic Name of ONA Service	Product Name	
ATM Cell Relay Service	USW - ATM Cell Relay Service	BSA

Dataphone Select-A-Station (8050)

Dataphone Select-A-Station ("DSAS") is a multi-station, voice grade, private line data service designed to establish point-to-point connections between an alarm monitoring service provider's monitoring center and a number of remote locations. This service permits the monitoring service provider's monitoring center to poll the remote locations of its end-user customers. DSAS is available on an interstate basis.

Generic Name of ONA Service	Product Name	BSE or CNS
Dataphone Select-A-Station	USW - Dataphone Select-A-Station	BSA

TECHNOLOGICAL AND FEATURE INTERACTION CONSIDERATIONS:

1. This service is only available is selected existing locations that are capable of providing the service, because manufacturing of the equipment used to provision the service was discontinued by the equipment manufacturer in 1986

Digital Data Service 2-Wire (8042)

Digital Data Service 2-Wire (DDS 2-Wire) provides a two-wire, full duplex circuit, capable of transmitting digital data at 144 kbps. DDS 2-Wire consists of a 160 kbps channel for the transmission of 144 kbps serial or bi-directional data and a 16 kbps embedded, bi-directional, operations channel to support provisioning and maintenance operations; i.e., loopback testing and standard network management messages. When the customer's equipment provides access to the 16 kbps embedded channel, that bandwidth will be available for the customer to perform loopback testing and network management. This service is offered on a point-to-point basis only.

Generic Name of ONA Service	Product Name	
Digital Data Service 2-Wire	USW - Digital Data Service 2-Wire	BSA

References:

• U S WEST Communications Technical Publication PUB 77399

Direct Current (MT3) (8051)

Direct Current (MT3) is a low-speed data private line transport service for alarm applications. It is provided over metallic facilities on a two-point or a multi-point basis. MT3 is available on an interstate basis. It may also be available on an intrastate basis (consult the appropriate Tariff Reference data to determine exact state availability).

Generic Name of ONA Service	Product Name	BSE or CNS
Direct Current (MT3)	USW - Direct Current (MT3)	BSA

Frame Relay Service (4027,5037,8039)

This service provides fast packet transmission of customer data to and among Local Area Networks and host computers. Using statistical multiplexing, it allows customers to allocate circuit bandwidth to applications as needed and as available. Variable length frames are relayed from the source to the desired destination by means of virtual connections which are established at the time of subscription via Service Order.

This arrangement requires the use of separately purchased customer provided terminal equipment that functions as a multiplexer/bridge/router. The terminal equipment accumulates customer data and puts it into a frame relay format for transmission over the Frame Relay Network.

Generic Name of ONA Service	Product Name	
Frame Relay Service	BS - Exchange Access Frame Relay Service	BSA
	NX - Frame Relay Service	BSA
	USW - Frame Relay Service	BSA

References:

- TR-TSV-001369 Generic Requirements for Frame Relay PVC Exchange Service, Issue 1, May 1993
- TR-TSV-001370 Generic Requirements for Exchange Access Frame Relay PVC Service, Issue 1, May 1993

McCulloh Loop (8052)

McCulloh Loop (LS2) is a low-speed voice grade, private line data service for alarm applications at speeds of 0-30 baud or -150 baud. McCulloh bridging permits bridging for multi-point applications. The cable facility used must be a metallic cable pair. Up to twenty-six locations can be bridged on one circuit. LS2 is available on an interstate basis. It may also be available on an intrastate basis (consult the appropriate Tariff Reference data to determine exact state availability).

Generic Name of ONA Service	Product Name	BSE or CNS
McCulloh Loop (LS2)	USW - McCulloh Loop (LS2)	BSA

MegaBit ISDN Digital Subscriber Line Service (8043)

MegaBit ISDN Digital Subscriber Line ("IDSL") Service provides a data only, two-wire, private line service with a bi-directional data transmission capacity of 128 kbps or 144 kbps. Each MegaBit IDSL must be connected to a MegaCentral service. MegaBit IDSL provides the teleworker with a link/access to the end user's business local area network, enabling work-based activities, such as work-at-home capabilities and access to Internet service providers. MegaBit IDSL is only available on an interstate basis.

Generic Name of ONA Service	Product Name	BSE or CNS
MegaBit ISDN Digital Subscriber Line Service	USW - MegaBit ISDN Digital Subscriber Line Service	BSA

MegaBit Service (8041)

MegaBit Service utilizes Digital Subscriber Line (DSL) technology to provide customers with both voice and high-speed data services over metallic local loop facilities. This service allows the Company to accept traffic from the customer and separate the voice from the data, sending each type of traffic to the appropriate, separate network.

MegaBit Service allows the end user to transmit data at peak bandwidths ranging from 256 kbps to 7 Mbps. Multiple end users' data transmissions are aggregated onto a central office hub transmitting at peak bandwidths of 1.544 Mbps, or 3 Mbps up to 45 Mbps (in 3 Mbps increments).

Generic Name of ONA Service	Product Name	
MegaBit Service	USW - MegaCentral	BSA/BSE
	USW - MegaSubscriber	CNS

References: Technical specifications for MegaBit Service are delineated in U S WEST Technical Specification Paper #60000-006 CAP RADSL (Netspeed).

Modem Aggregation Service (8044)

Modem Aggregation Service ("MAS") provides ESPs the ability to use Telephone Company-provided modems that are located in the Telephone Company central offices. MAS provides a dial-in number and a specified number of modems (in groups of ten), which the ESP can make available to their end users in order to provide dial-in access to the ESP's data network. End-user calls in excess of the subscribed-to number of modems will receive a subscriber busy signal. Connectivity between the modems and the customer's network is provided via standard Frame Relay Service ("FRS") or ATM Cell Relay Service ("CRS"). MAS requires the use of customer-provided equipment, located at the ESP's location, to interface with the end-user modem traffic that is being delivered over the FRS or ATM CRS to the ESP location. MAS is only available on an interstate basis.

Generic Name of ONA Service	Product Name	BSE or CNS
Modem Aggregation Service	USW - Modem Aggregation Service	BSA

Trunk Side Access Facility (4003)

This capability provides a trunk side connection from a Traffic Operator Position System (TOPS) Tandem switch to an ESP's premises. This connection will be a dedicated one way trunk group from each of the TOPS Tandem switches serving the end offices the ESP wishes to receive traffic from. This trunk group is designed to deliver the called number (UAN) and calling line ANI from the TOPS Tandem switch to the ESP. Feature Group D-like signaling will be used to communicate with the ESPs CPE.

This capability will only be available in the General Subscribers Services Tariff and only in conjunction with Uniform Access Number.

Generic Name of ONA Service	Product Name	
Trunk Side Access Facility	BS - Trunk Side Access Facility	BSA

References: not available.

Video Dialtone Access Link (3010)

A Video Dialtone Service that provides for the transport of video and other programming signals.

Generic Name of ONA Service	Product Name	
Video Dialtone Access Link	BA - VDT - Access Link	BSA

FEATURE OPERATION:

Video Dialtone Direct Access Link provides a connection from the Programmer-Customer's designated location to a Telephone Company Video Distribution Office and is capable of transporting up to a maximum of ninety-six (96) 6 megabyte/sec MPEG2 [MPEG - Motion Picture Experts Group] digital signals. Video Dialtone Access Links are one-way, from the Programmer-Customer to the Video Dialtone Distribution Office, and require that the Programmer-Customer meet the interface specifications found in Bell Atlantic Technical Publication TR-72550.

TECHNOLOGICAL AND FEATURE INTERACTION CONSIDERATIONS:

For interface publications, see Bell Atlantic Technical Publications TR-72550 and TR-72211.

Also see BroadBand Technologies Technical Publication TESP-0106. Contact information for BroadBand Technologies, Inc.:

BroadBand Technologies, Inc.

Suite 150, Triangle Business Center

4024 Stirup Creek Drive

Durham, NC 27703

Post Office Box 13737

Research Triangle Park, NC 27709-3737

Telephone: 919 544-0015

Fax: 919 544-5356

This service is offered where available and facilities permit.

555 Access Service (8038)

This service provides access to ESPs by their clients using a 555-XXXX telephone number. The service enables the ESP to have a uniform, LATA-wide, 10 digit (NPA-555-XXXX) telephone number. The same 555 number could be used in multiple LATAs where service is available.

Generic Name of ONA Service	Product Name	BSE or CNS
555 Access Service	USW - 555 Access Service	BSA

FEATURE OPERATION:

- When a caller dials the unique 555 telephone number (1-NPA-555-XXXX) within a LATA, the call is routed to
 the caller's originating end office and then to the associated Traffic Operator Position Switch (TOPS) that
 serves the end office.
- 2. At the TOPS tandem the 555 call is translated into a unique 800 NXX-XXXX telephone number which is associated with each 555 telephone number or group of 555 telephone numbers. (The 800 telephone number is obtained by the 555 service subscriber.) [Note: 888, 877, 866, and 855 are now equivalent to 800.]
- 3. After the call is translated into an 800 telephone number, the 800 database is queried to identify the 555 Service subscriber's call routing instructions.
- 4. The 555 call is then routed in the standard Feature Group D format which includes the calling number, the called number (800 telephone number) and Automated Number Identification (ANI) information digits. ANI information digits are the digits that precede the calling number on the ANI record. ANI information digits inform the 555 Service subscriber of the calling party's class of service for billing, routing and other special handling purposes.

TECHNOLOGICAL AND FEATURE INTERACTION CONSIDERATIONS:

- The calling party, the TOPS tandem and the 555 subscriber's routing point must be in the same LATA. The
 routing point can be either the 555 subscriber's location or to their carrier of choice. In LATAs where more
 than one TOPS tandem is present, the 555 Service subscriber must subscribe to 555 Service from both TOPS
 tandems.
- 2. Calls from outside the LATA will be blocked. Blocking also applies to "0 minus" (e.g., for the hearing impaired, etc.), "0+" calls, and restricted classes of service.
- 3. This capability is currently available only from suitably equipped DMS-200 Traffic Operator Position Switches.